FRANK M. MURPHY TESTIFIES IN THE GOVERNMENT SUIT.

Says Harriman and His Associates the Phonix and Eastern Arizona -Bought Into Sauta Fe to De It.

That E. H. Harriman and his associates had forced the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé to sell to the Southern Pacific two years ago a road the Santa Fé was then building in southern Arizona as the connecting link in what would have made practically a new low grade trans continental route for the Santa Fé, and as such have been a dangerous competitor of the Harriman road, was brought out yesterday by the Government attorneys in the hearing before Special Examiner Williams at the Custom House in Milton, Overman, Simmons and Teller the suit brought against the Harriman roads to dissolve the combination.

Minutes of the meetings of the board of directors and stockholders of the Atchison were put in evidence showing that the sale of this road and the virtual abandonment of this new line took place just about a year after the Harriman Interests had, unknown to the Atchison people, bought \$30,000,000 worth of Atchison stock and had demanded and secured representation on the Atchison board. H. H. Rogers and Henry C. Frick were the two who took their seats on the Atchison board at that time, and the minutes showed that both had voted to sell the road in question to the Southern Pacific. As a part of the agreement then made the Atchison was to go into partnership with the Southern Pacific in building into northern California, where they had projected competing lines.

It is contended by the Government in its suit that the Atchison since this stock purchase has practically become part of the Harriman combination, which is alleged to be a monopoly in restraint of

by the Atchison, was the witness put on the stand by the Government to testify as to the manner in which the Southern Pacific blocked the Atchison's attempt to construct a new line to the Coast. The Atchison already had a line running from its main line in California to Phœnix, Artz. It was also building a cutoff from Berlin, Kan., south to Albuquerque, N. M., and thence to Deming, Ariz. The link which the Southern Pacific secured was the Phoenix and Eastern Arizona, which was to run between Deming and Phonix.

As described by Mr. Murphy this would have made a new route for the Atchison from Berlin, Kan., to southern California and would have avoided the mountains in northern Arizona. Furthermore it would have made possible a connection with the El Paso and Southwestern, the Phelps, Dodge road running to El Paso.

Mr. Murphy testified that he began to build this road himself and subsequently the Atchison bought it. This was before much actual work was done upon it. day the bill authorizing the President to Construction then went on until it got as far east as Dubyville, which was about 240 miles west of Deming. This was in

junction eventually, he said, and finally the courts of Arizona upheld them. The the courts of Arizona upheid them. The litigation lasted over a year, he said, and the road was turned over to the Southern Pacific in December, 1908. Mr. Murphy said that he didn't just know why this was done and that he hadn't been consulted. Mr. Severance asked him where the deal was made, and in reply he said: "It was made in New York by the Santa Féoficials, by Mr. Morawetz."

Mr. Morawetz is chairman of the Atchi-Mr. Morawetz is chairman of the Atchi-

"Have you ever been told why the road was sold to the Southern Pacific?" inquired Mr. Severance.
"I understood that the Southern Pacific their t claimed that it was penetrating their territory and that it was something the Santa Fé better give up," replied the

Judge Lovett, counsel for the Harriman interests, made vigorous objection to this unless the witness stated who had told him. Mr. Murphy explained that he got his impression from a talk he had had with Mr. Morawetz.

On cross-examination Judge Lovett tried hard to show that the new trans-continental line existed purely in Mr. Murphy's own brain as the promoter of Don't you know that the Santa Fé

his cross-examination. The hearing will be continued Monday

PRIESTS' AID FOR M'ATEE. Pather Hogan and Other Home Folks Are Coming to His Assistance.

Father James A. Hogan of Mahanoy Plane. Pa., yesterday sent to all of the Catholio priests in this city a circular letter asking their aid in the case of Thomas McAtee. The circular closes with the statement that Father Hogan is willing to stake his priesthood on the honesty of McAtee. McAtee's case has already received some attention. He was arrested by former County Detective Edward Reardon, who used to be at-tached to District Attorney Jerome's staff. Reardon claimed that he found McAtee Reardon claimed that he found incates entering or trying to enter his apartment. McAtee says that he was arrested and robbed by two men, Reardon and a man named Briesel, who met him on the Broet while McAtee was on his way to a

Most while McAtee was on his way to a Mills hotel.

Father Hogan and others from McAtee's home town have been fighting for him ever since his arrest. The case comes up before Judge Rosalsky on January 13, and Father Hogan and a number of citisens from Mahanoy Plane will appear as character witnesses for McAtee, among them his flances, Miss Catherine McLaughlin of Van Hiseville, Pa.

FORCED THE SANTAFRIOSELL SENATE PASSES CENSUS BILL, But by a Vote of 82 to 15 Refuses to

Apply Civil Service Bules to Clerks. WASHINGTON, Jan. 8 .- The Senate by more than 2 to 1 this afternoon Total down amendment to the census bill offered by Senator Lodge of Massachusetts Headed Off a Competitor by Getting applying civil service rules to the appointment of alerks for the thirteenth census. The vote by which Mr. Lodge's amendment was rejected was 32 to 15, as

follows: Yeas—Senators Brown, Burkett, Clapp, Crane, Depew, Dillingham, Dixon, Dolliver, Dupont, Kean, Lodge and Richardson, Republicans; and Clay, Newlands and

Raynor, Democrats-15. Nay Senators Aldrich, Burnham, Clark, (Wyo.), Cullom, Cummins, Curtis, Frye, Fulton, Gamble, Hale, Hemenway, Hopkins, Kittredge, Long, McCumber, Nelson, Perkins, Piles, Scott, Stephenson, Suther-land, Warner and Warren, Republicans; and Bacon, Daniel, Foster, Gary, McEnery, Democrats—32.

Democrats—82.

The bill providing for taking the thirteenth census was before the Senate all the afternoon and was finally passed just before adjournment. Senator Long of Kansas was in charge of the bill. The principal interest centred in the civil service amendment. William Dudley Foulke of Richmond, Ind., the President's friend and a former Civil Service Commissioner, came to the Senate to labor for the civil service amendment and watch the progress of the fight on the floor.

As it passed the bill was amended in many essentials from the form in which it came from the House and will therefore go to conference. The Senate, for example, added an amendment authorizing the director of the census to acquire a site and erect a building for the accommodation of the bureau at a cost of \$674,000.

LABOR LEADER REWARDED. Editor Pringle Appointed Appraiser of Customs at Pittsburg.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The President paid another political obligation incurred in the late campaign to-day by nominating John D. Pringle, editor of a labor news-Frank M. Murphy, president of the paper at Pittsburg, to be Appraiser Santa Fé, Prescott and Phonix, owned of Customs at Pittsburg. Mr. Pringle was one of the group of labor leaders who protested against Compers's attitude in the last Presidential campaign, the others being S. B. Donnelly, who became Public Printer, and Daniel J. Keefe, who became Commissioner General of

who became Commissioner General of Immigration.

The President appointed Pringle over the protests of the Pennsylvania delega-tion. Representative Burke of Pittsburg had a candidate, as did Representatives Dalzell and Barchfield of Pittsburg. Senator Knox was not consulted and did not indorse Pringle.

on tindorse Pringle.

The story of how Pringle came to be nominated is interesting. He called at the White House, and the President was so pleased with his political attitude in the campaign that he inquired what office he desired. Mr. Pringle asked time to consider and then fixed on the appraiser-

BILL TO REINSTATE CADETS. Senator Lodge Reports It With Amendment, but It Goes Over.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.-Senator Johnson of Alabama called up in the Senate toreinstate W. T. Rossell, Jr., and Harry G. Weaver as cadets at West Point Military Academy. Senator Lodge had reported the bill earlier in the day with an "Did you meet with any difficulties?"

asked Mr. Severance, counsel for the Government:

"We certainly did," replied the witness.

"We were interrupted and interfered with by an organization known as the Arizona and Eastern, which was owned Arizona and Eastern, which was owned as the cadets.

"The report on the bill from the Military and Mr."

to-day sent the following nominations to the Senate:

State-To be Consul-General, William . Robertson of Virginia at Tangier, Morocco: to be Consule, James W. Johnson of New York at Corinto, Nicaragua, Herbert R. Wright of Iowa at Puerto Cabello, Vene-guela: to be Secretary of Legation, Fred Morris Dearing of Missouri at Havana, uba: to be Third Secretary of Embassy, William K. Wallace of Colorado at Tokio, Japan: to be Second Secretary of Legation, Leland Harrison of Illinois at Pekin, China Treasury-To be Appraiser of Merchan-

dise in the District of Pittsburg, Pa., John D. Pringle of Pennsylvania. Navy-A number of citizens to be Second Lieutenants, Marine Corps.

Proposed Pension for Federal Judges WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.-Pensions for inauguration. Federal Judges who have attained the age of 70 years and who have served on the bench for a period of ten years or more are provided in a bill reported to-day by the House Committee on the Judiciary. The bill has already passed the Senate. It provides that Judges on the retired list shall receive as pension the same amounts they received at the date of their retirement.

"Don't you know that the Santa Fé never contemplated such a line?" was one of the questions Judge Lovett asked. "Quite the contrary, unless they misrepresented things to me," replied Mr. Murphy. He said that they had let him spend several millions of dollars and had talked the matter over with both President Ripley and Mr. Morawetz.

"I sold the road to the Atchison twice," said Mr. Murphy. "For some reason they gave it back to me once and then a few weeks later I sold it to them again. Then they sold it to you."

"They made a mistake in throwing away this line, you think?" suggested Mr. Harriman's lawyer.

"Yes," replied Mr. Murphy. "I knew more than Mr. Ripley about it, I believe."

"Yes," replied Mr. Murphy. "I knew more than Mr. Ripley about it, I believe."

"Yes," replied Mr. Murphy. "I knew more than Mr. Ripley about it, I believe."

"How long were you in peaceable possession of the canon," replied Mr. Murphy. It was in 1906, he said, that hostilities ceased. Judge Lovett did not finish with his cross-examination.

The hearing will be continued Monday. of presiding at the retrial of the Standard Oil case, which by the wiping out of the desision of Judge Landis and his \$29,-240,000 fine by the higher courts is back upon the docket of the District Court of the United States.

See Washington

Pennsylvania R. R.

April 1, 8, 29, May 18, 1909 Round-Trip Rate \$12 or \$14.50 from New York

According to hotel selected. Covers necessary expenses for three days.

Tickets good returning for ten days. Detailed Itineraries and full information of Ticket Agents, or C. STUDDS, E. P. A., 268 Fifth Avenue, New York.

HUGES IN CONSUMPTION WAR THE GOVERNOR TALKS OF THE MORTGAGE LOANS.

Speaks at a Meeting to Help Along the

Gov. Hughes was the chief speaker ast evening at a meeting held at the Waldorf-Astoria to arouse interest in the work of the Association of Tuberculosis Clinics, which as a private charity is or ganizing clinics, equipping nurses and doctors and cooperating with the public

President John H. Finley of the City College, who acted as chairman, described the meeting as a call for volunteers in a private effort for the public good.

"We are on the eve," he said, "of another battle on the field of tuberculosis. There s a regular army in the field, not only is the campaign planned but the general location, disposition and strength of the forces are known, so that the battle is already half won; it is the ambuscade that "I am here to-night," said the Governor,

as a promoter to float the securities of a new philanthropic undertaking. I have been unable to find the limit of gubernatorial duties. This is the sort of thing that furnishes a test of our progress. The test of our progress isn't in the money we test of our progress isn't in the money we have, but it is in the enlarging of the area of individual opportunity and the protection of our collective rights. Constantly there is open to our vision the great work to be done. It is a disgrace to any Commonwealth having such means that its health should be menaced by polluted streams as the danger of infection. It is therefore the duty of every one to help the various agencies organized to protect the public.

The Governor spoke of the need of private agencies in the warfare against tuberculosis, and said that one of the saddest facts in connection with the disease was that so many were unable to comply with the precautions.

was needed was money.
'I don't know what is a finer line of effort than to protect those who can't protect themselves, he said. There are enough to put this work on a sure foundation and to make its success shown by a decreased death rate. On behalf of the people of the State I ask for its sup-

Dr. E. T. Devine also spoke

TANG SHAO YI'S RECALL.

Leave Washington Next Week. WASHINGTON, Jan. 8 .- Tang Shao Yi,

washington, Jan. 8.—The Comptroller of the Currency, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, has appointed Edwin F. Rorebeck of Marietta, Ohio, a national bank examiner at large. Mr. a national bank examiner at large. Mr. Rorebeck has been employed in the Comptroller's office for the last eight years. He will not be regularly assigned to any examination district but will be sent wherever his services are most needed. It is also the Comptroller's purpose to have these special examiners investigate and report to him confidentially whenever it may be deemed necessary how thor-oughly and intelligently the regular ex-aminers perform their duties.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The cruiser Salem has arrived at Bradford, the monitor Cheyenne at San Pedro, the tug Uncas at Key West and the cruisers Charleston. Cleveland, Denver, Galveston and Chat-tanooga at Manila. The supply ship Iris has sailed from Cavite for Guam, the has sailed from Cavite for Guam, the battleship Missouri from Port Said for Athens, the battleship Kentucky from Port Said for Tripoli and the cruiser Prairie from Philadelphia for Hampton

President May Dismiss Watchern Charges WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.-The complaints which led to the withdrawal from the Senate of the nomination of Robert Watchorn as Commissioner of Immigration at New York will probably be dismissed by the President, as a strong intimation to that effect was given from an official source to-day. Mr. Watchorn's name will probably be sent to the Senate again within a day or two.

Army and Navy Orders. WASHINGTON, Jan. &-These army orders were

First Lieut. Benjamin F. Miller, Twenty-seventh infantry, to Port Sheridan, relieving Second Lieut. Phillip J. R. Kiehl, Thirteenth Second Lieut. Philip J. R. Brein, anticental Cavalry.
First Lieut. Frederick Hadra. Medical Reserve Corps, from Philippines Division to San Francisco.
First Lieut. Henry H. Scott. Coast Artillery, from General Hospital, Washington Barracks, to Fort Monres.

authorities in the fight to stamp out con- SENATOR TILLMAN INVOLVED ment to get busy and do something along the line you desire. He will set up such a sumption.

Continued from First Page.

express my cordial agreement with the view that it is not only the right but the duty of Congress to investigate the workings of the secret service or detective agents by which alone the Government can effectually safeguard itself against wrongdoing, punish crime and bring to justice criminals. I am well aware of the liability to abuse inherent in any effective detective system or secret service fective detective system or secret service system; for the measure of the efficiency of the system is also the measure of the seriousness of the abuses of the system if it be applied to wrong purposes or directed in an improper manner. It is eminently to the public interest that there should be vigilant inquiry into the work-ing of this agency both by the heads of the executive departments and by Con-It nevertheless remains true that this

system is absolutely indispensable if the popular interest is to be adequately safeguarded and wrongdoers taught to fear the law. To show how indispensable detectives are when important work of a confidential character must be done I refer you to the experience of the Ima confidential character must be done
I refer you to the experience of the Immigration Commission appointed by Congress and largely composed of Senators and Representatives, which has found it absolutely necessary to employ detectives in order to achieve the best results. In my communication of the the tectives in order to achieve the best results. In my communication of the 4th instant to the lower house I have set forth at length the reasons why, in my judgment, it is eminently desirable that, in addition to the special detectives or inspection service of each Department there should be in some Department, preferably the Department of Justice, a service which can be used at need in any Department in order to achieve the ends was that so many were unable to comply with the precautions.

"We must reach the philanthropic hand down and seize them as brands from the burning," said the Governor. "It is a problem how far the State should go with this work, but it has been undertaken and it must be prosecuted. We want two things—the work that this association is doing of seeking out cases and looking after them and adequate hospital accommodations for advanced cases. When you talk of the Empire State let your heart fill with pride at what has been done, yet at the same time feel the obligation of what has yet to be done. Every death from tuberculosis may be said to be a stain on the honor of the State; certain it is to the extent to which it could have been prevented."

The Governor said that if we were to have hospital provisions for half of those advanced cases now unprovided for it would mean 3,500 beds and would cost \$2,000,000. New York in two days, he said, had raised \$200,000 for Italy. It was proud of that, but underlying everything was the health of its citizens. All that was needed was money.

"I don't know what is a finer line of Office Department the corps of inspection service of each Department in addition to the special detectives or inspection service of each Department in addition to the special detectives or inspection service of each Department in profer about there should be in some Department, preferably the Department of Justice, a service which can be used at need in any Department in order to achieve the ends I have described. I would like to state here that very frequently accusations have been made to me privately by members of the two houses to the effect that the secret service has been used as a "police of morals" or to shadow Senators. Congressmen and other public officials. Hitherto the effort to discover the basis for such allegations has always been fruitless. I should be greatly obliged if any information could be furnished me tending to show any instance where this has been done in times past. Certain of

deal with counterfeiters and the special agents with customs frauds. In the Post is office Department the corps of inspectors is especially trained and peculiarly fitted to detect criminality or abuses or fraudulent use of the mails in connection with the postal service. In the Interior Department the special agents of the Land Office and the inspectors of the Indian Bureau are trained in similar fashion to meet special needs. In addition it is urgently necessary, as set forth ANG SHAO YI'S RECALL.

Special Chinese Ambassador May

Leave Washington Next Week

vice with by an organization known as the Arizona and Eastern, which was owned by the Southern Pacific."

Mr. Murphy went on to say that while his men were working in the Gila cañon after completing the survey the Arizona and Eastern was suddenly incorporated and large force of graders took possession of their right of way. "After that," said the witness, "we had it rough I was not present."

Nominations by the President.

Nominations by the President the had received many protests against the capture of the cadets.

"The report on the bill from the Military Affairs Committee is unanimous," said Mr. Lodge.

"Then I will not object," replied Mr. Scott, "although I was not present at the committee meeting yesterday when the action was taken."

Sentar Dick of Ohio objected to immediate consideration of the bill, and it was not present that, said the witness, "we had it rough I was not present."

Nominations by the President.

Nominations by the President the courts of Arizona upheld them. The little courts of Arizona upheld them the following nominations to little courts of Arizona upheld them. The little courts of Arizona upheld them. The little courts of Arizona upheld them the following nominations to little courts of Arizona upheld them. The little courts of Arizona upheld them the following nominations to little courts of the cadeta.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Tang Shao Yi, the special Chinese Ambassador, will call the special Chinese Ambassad Of course in the investigation of speof the Boxer indemnity. This mission has been completed.

Mr. I ang will probably leave Washington next week and after spending a few days in New York will sail for Europe. He will be accompanied by Mr. Chung Mun Yew, the first secretary of the special mission. Tsa Fu, an imperial prince who accompanied Mr. Tang, will probably return to China by way of San Francisco accompanied by several secretaries and attaches of the mission. Mr. Yung Kwala, secretary, may remain in Washington for the present.

The recall of Mr. Tang is an echo of the downfall of Yuan Shih Kai, the Grand Councillor of the Chinese Empire, who was recently dismissed from office in disgrace. Mr. Tang, who was sent to the United States several months ago by the late Empress Dowager, was a problet of Yuan Shih Kai, it was Mr. Tang San echo of the United States several months ago by the late Empress Dowager, was a problet of Yuan Shih Kai, it was Mr. Tang San echo of the United States several months ago by the late Empress Dowager, was a problet of Yuan Shih Kai, it was Mr.

was recently dismissed from office in disgrace. Mr. Tang, who was sent to the United States several months ago by the late Empress Dowager, was a protégé of Yuan Shih Kai. It was Mr. Tang's original intention to spend practically the whole winter in Washington and leave shortly after Mr. Taft's inauguration.

Appoints National Bank Examiner at Large.

West Notice Mr. Tang, who was sent to the limit of the light in the way in which investigations begun by any of these various agents in the strict line of their duty may develop facts of high importance which the investigators would not in the first instance have sought to discover, which when discovered ought not to be bidden or suppressed, but the development of which may tend to create an erroneous impression that the agents in question that the agents in question that the agents are provided to the control of the

particularly in Coos and Douglas counties, which had been granted to corporations by the Government, the circular stating that the company in possession of the lands was bound to sell them for \$2.50 an acre or upon their refusal would be proseacre or upon their refusal would be prosecuted by the Government, and that "among those who have spoken for a part of this land is Senator Tillman of South Carolina, the leader of the Democratic party in the Senate, a man who usually gets what he goes after." Senator Tillman denied the statements of this circular and expressed a wish for an investigation, and upon his request the Post Office Department through its inspectors made such an investigation. He stated in reference to this circular:

made some inquiries, as one naturally would. in roaming through the West. I simply want the people of the country to be put on notice that this swindler at Portland has no warrant whatever for endeavoring to inveigle others into his game.

I enclose the circular referred to, as Exhibit B; the report of the post office inspectors, under date of July 27, 1908, as Exhibit C. This is a confidential report of Exhibit C. This is a confidential report of a type usually not furnished, but in this case the matter is so serious that I feel I should put it before you. I enclose you also, as Exhibits D1, D2, D3, D4 and D5, photographic facsimiles of letters and envelopes and telegrams from Senator Tillman and his agent, William E. Lee. It appears that on October 20, 1907, Senator Tillman wrote a letter (Exhibit D3) to Meesrs. Reeder & Watkins of Marshfield, Ore., who were attorneys representing people who were applicants for the purchase of certain wagon road land grant land; Dorr was a land agent making his filings through Reeder & Watkins. Senator Tillman's letter runs in part as follows: follows:

I wired you from Wausau, Wis., as follows and write to confirm it: William E. Lee. comes to you in a sealed package.

my agent, will see you about land. I want This mixture makes firm flesher

deal, and of course he wants a quarter for himself

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MONEY TO LOAN

Caks at a Meeting to Help Along the Work of the Association of Tuberculosis Clinics—62,000,000 Needed to Care for the More Advanced Cases.

Gov. Hughes was the chief speaker to evening at a meeting held at the placer.

MOOYER & MARSTON, 26 Exchange Place.

MINEY TO LOAN

himself.

The letter continued, stating in detail what was to be done in order to enable the Senator to get the land. The William E. Lee to whom Senator Tillman thus referred as his agent wrote to Reeder & Watkins under date of December 7 a letter, photographic copy of which is herewith submitted, marked "Exhibit Lew Fees.

MOOYER & MARSTON, 26 Exchange Place.

MOOYER & MARSTON, 26 Exchange Place. In case Senator Tillman gets in on this

deal with some good land in the eight quarters we want, I am satisfied that he can be of great help in getting matters started Washington and cause the Governhowl that it will be impossible to do other wise. This will be very important for your whole scheme to have a man of his influence here to aid you at this end of the line. By all means save a lot of good land for us, as we intend to be of more value than any one of the others in this matter.

On the 31st of January, 1908, Senator Tillman introduced in the Senate the following resolution:

Whereas at divers times various railroads and other corporations have received large grants of public lands of the United States, under and by virtue of acts of Congress, containing conditions to the effect that such lands should be sold to actual settlers only, or in quantities not exceeding for any one purchaser a limit fixed by the act relating thereto, or at a price per acre not greater than an amount mentioned in the act authorizing such grant, to the end that such lands might promptly become the homes of citizens of the United States; and

Whereas it is currently reported and widely believed that the Department of Justice has information to the effect that certain of the corporations aforesaid, or their alleged successors in title, having obtained colorable title to large tracts of land within a State or States of the Pacific slope by virtue of the grants above mentioned, and still holding considerable portions thereof, have violated or evaded the equitable and salutary conditions so as aforesaid imposed by the Congress upon such grants for the public good; yet the Senate is not advised that any action has been taken by the Department of Justice to enforce the said conditions or restore the said lands to the public domain; Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, &c., That the President be requested, if not incompatible with the public interest, to inform the Senate what informa tion, if any, has been received, and what partment of Justice with respect to the matters and things in the preamble to this resolution set forth.

and pressed vigorously for immediate action. The resolution being laid over, Senator Tillman introduced the same day a furteer and joint resolution containing the same recitals, but concluding as for Resolved, Ac., That the Attorney-General

be, and he is hereby, directed, authorized, and empowered to take such proceedings or institute such suit or suits on behalf of the United States as may be necessary, appropriate or expedient to insure a com-pliance with the above mentioned conditions or to restore the said lands to the public domain, or to report to the Congress why such action as aforesaid has not been or should not be taken

or should not be taken.

On February 15 Senator Tillman wrote to Messrs. Reeder and Watkins. A photograph of this letter is also attached as Exhibit D 5. In it I call your attention to the fact that he speaks again of Mr Lee as his agent and of the correspondence carried on through Mr. Lee. He states that what he has done in stirring up the question of the Oregon land graphs. up the question of the Oregon land grants to railroads has been done entirely apart from any personal interest he has in the matter, and adds, "although I never would have had my attention called to it but for the investigation as set on foot of any personal purchase of any of the land. If I can succeed in causing the Government to institute suit for the re-covery of the land and make it easier for others as well as myself (the italics are mine) to obtain some of it I shall do it without any regard to the dealings with your firm. I still want to get some of the timber land if it is possible, and as it is probable that Mr. Lee or some complaining that Senator Tillman had other representative of mine will be in your country in the next two months we will leave the matter of payment for the initiatory steps and subsequent pro coedings in abeyance for the present. Any contract we might make will entirely apart from and independent my work here in the Senate. I will glad for you to hold in reserve eight of the best quarter sections of which you have definite information and I will in the meantime press the investigation and other work here which will facilitate the final purchase and in effect obviate the wald and G. Zamtangwalder Swiss mount

necessity of your making any case in the courts at all." This letter in which Senator Tillman requested that eight of the best quarter sections be held in reserve for him was written just four days before he announced in the Senate that he had indertaken to buy any land in the It is unnecessary to comment upon his proposal, made in this letter, to use his influence as Senator to force the Gov-ernment to institute a suit which would make it easy for him personally to ob-tain some of the land. This letter, purely pertaining to Mr. Tillman's personal and private business, was sent in a franked envelope, of which I attach photographic copy marked Exhibit D 5. The assault by Senator Tillman upon

he assault by Senator Tillman upon Dorr was, according to the report of the inspectors, a wanton assault made to cover up Senator Tillman's own trans-

I call your attention to the letter of Mr. Dorr to the Postmaster-General under date of November 22, 1908 (Exhibit E), in which he asks for relief from the against him, saying that he had no knowledge that Senator Tillman desired his operations to be kept hidden and secret from general public knowledge. The re-I have not bought any land anywhere in the West nor undertaken to buy any. I have good faith, but that he used Senator Tillman's application for land as an advertisement. Very truly yours,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT The exhibits attached to the President's letter to Senator Hale set forth in detail what he summarized in the letter to the chairman of the Committee on Appro-priations. It gives the circulars of the

A Tip For Fat Women.

MARMOLA.

In a few years that excess fat of yours will become a bad habit-impossible to break. Better take time by the forelock and reduce now in a natural way if you would keep intact the youthful symmetry of 20 through the trying years of middle age. Go to the druggist and ask him for ounce Marmola, 1/2 ounce Fluid Extract Cascara Aromatic, and 31/2 ounces Peppermint Water; dose, one teaspoonful after meals and at bedtime. Mix them at home if you wish, but see that the Marmola

This mixture makes firm fleshed, wellnine quarters reserved. Will forward formed women out of flabby, shapeless signed applications and money at once. It animates their stomaches to burn These navy orders were issued:

Lieut. E. Woods, when discharged from treatment at Naval Hospital, to the Paducah as executive and navigator.

Lieut. J. W. Greenslade, from the Paducah to temporary duty on the New Hampshire; thence to the Maine.

Ensign S. C. Hooper, from the Yorktown to the South Dakota.

Ensign C. S. Joyce, orders to the South Dakota temporary duty on the Yorktown.

In connection with this sale we have been commissioned by a well known London firm to dissupplied applications and money at once. Members of my family are entrymen. Letter follows. (Signed) B. R. T. I write now to gather at the waist line. Without disturbing the diet or requiring exercise to help it out it dissolves the fat away just where needed the most. It has been known to melt away harmflessly as much as 16 ounces a day without causing a formed women out of flabby, shapeless of ones. It animates their stomachs to burn to gather at the waist line. Without disturbing exercise to help it out it dissolves the fat away just where needed the most. It has been known to melt away harmflessly as much as 6 ounces a day without causing a formed women out of flabby, shapeless igned applications and money at once. Members of my family are entrymen. Letter follows. (Signed) B. R. T. I write now to gather at the waist line. Without disturbing exercise to help it out it dissolves the fat away just where needed the most. It has been known to melt away harmflessly as much as 6 ounces a day without causing a formed women out of flabby, shapeless of members of my family are entrymen. Letter follows. (Signed) B. R. T. I write now to gather at the waist line. Without disturbing exercise to help it out it dissolves the fat away just where needed the most. It has been known to melt away harmflessly as much as 6 ounces a day without causing a formed women out of flabby, shapeless of a poet formed women out of flabby, shapeless of a poet formed women out of flabby, shapeless of a poet fold fat.

In connection with this sale we have been commissioned b

January Sales of Brill Clothes Suits & Overcoats Values \$22.50, \$25 & \$28

Garments from the foremost wholesale tailors in America. The fabrics are from best mills and are standard for \$22.50 to \$28 garments. There are 40 new models, including many exclusive Brill models.

The SUITS are pure worsteds in extreme heavy weights and full medium weights. The designs include new fancy blues, olives, tans, smokes and stone shades, in dozens of new stripe and silk-mixture effects. MANY OF THESE SUITS ARE SILK LINED. Also finest velour and worsted cheviot suits, in line-line, two-tone and shadow stripes-new tans, olives, browns and smoke shades. Models for men and several extreme smart models for young men-exclusive

The OVERCOATS include models for Dress, Business, Motoring, Driving and Storm Service.
Meltons, Kerseys and Vicuna-Worsteds, extra heavy and medium weights, in Black, Oxford, Cambridge Gray and Olive Brown shades. Extreme, medium and semi-box models, 46 to 50 inches long. Also fancy, stripe and plain weave worsted-cheviots and lours, in Tans, Browns, Olives and New Grays. Included are auto military models, with high standing collar that buttons to the neck patch pocket models; long lapel models; fancy cuff and plain cuff

Brill Brothers OPEN TO NIGHT UNTIL & O'CLOCK. UNION SQUARE, 14th St., n. B'way.

B. Altman & Co.

WILL PLACE ON SALE THIS DAY (SATURDAY) AN ADDITIONAL SHIPMENT OF

COLORED PRINCESS CREPE AT 68c. PER YARD

ALSO SKIRT AND DRESS LENGTHS

OF VARIOUS PLAIN AND FANCY MATERIALS, INCLUDING CHEVIOTS, SERGES, TAILOR SUITINGS, BROADCLOTHS, AND SILK AND WOOL FABRICS, AT 75c., 95c. & \$1.25 PER YARD

34th Street, 35th Street and 5th Auemir.

SOLD IN SKIRT AND DRESS LENGTHS ONLY.

of which Bryan R. Dorr is president, in which the methods of the syndicate Our are put forth clearly. One circular con-tains the announcement that Senator Tillman applied for certain quarter sec-

have you understand that nothing I do have you understand that nothing I do here in the Senate will be done because of any personal purchase of any of the land. If I can succeed in causing the Government to institute suit for the responsible to the land and make it easier. and subsequently, in which he de-

in saying that the Senator had interested

steamship Advance, due here to-day from wald and G. Zamtangwalder, Swiss mountain guides who helped Miss Peck climb to the top of Mount Huascaran. Tangwald is a cripple, having had his right foot his left hand and part of his right hand amputated because of frost hite sustained

in his efforts to assist Miss Peck.

St. Paul and Pacific Timber Syndicate, OUTLOOK PLEASES CARNEGIE. Manufacturers at Last Alive to Foreign Trade Possibilities.

Andrew Carnegie expressed some of his but for the investigation as set of the connection with the proposed purchase in connection with the proposed purchase by me of some of the timber land in question. Of course if I decide to make the conditions the conditions suggested.

Then follows the report of O. C. Riches the officers of the International Board of the conditions of the International Board of the Internationa tender and go into the lawsuit I will bear and E. C. Clement, post office inspectors of Foreign Trade a week or so ago. The your proposition in mind, but I would of the Spokane division, which tends to interview will appear in the January issue interview will appear in the January issue of the International Trade Bulletin.

"There never was a period since my earliest business life," says Mr. Carnegie, when I felt more confident of the country's future than I feel to-day. Hitherto the manufacturers of the United States certain of these are franked by the Senator.

Last of all is a letter written by Mr. Dorr to the Postmaster-General in Washington complaining that Senator Tillman had done him an injustice in declaring on the floor of the Senator the Senator the markets of the world and compete in them with all the other great industrial and commercial nations. Of this there can be no doubt. Only, we must set seriously to work. We cannot afford to stand still. No nation can without falling behind into the long file of the laggards. seriously to work. We cannot afford to stand still. No nation can without falling behind into the long file of the laggards, which is called Failure.

"Our trade organizations are magnifi-

Miss Peck's Crippied Guide Due To-day.

A wireless message from the Panama heads of our great industrial enterprises are awakening to the importance of adding to their equipment and enlarging their plants for this very purpose of manufacturing for foreign markets. Further-more, the impetus given by this striving for export business to industrial activity in the United States will benefit thousands of skilled workmen and create work for thousands more, thus strengthening the home market at the same time. home market at the same time."

Down

in

A genuineness of sabings stands out in plain figures at our stores.

-V-e-r-c-o-a-t-s.

now changed to \$30.

Prices Reductions of 5, 6, 7, 8 and 10 dollars in the greater number of the prices.

N. B.-\$45 and \$40 Overcoats are

Hackett, Carhart & G

Broadway, at 13th St.

Broadway, near Chambers St.

ART SALES AND EXHIBITIONS, ART SALES AND EXHIBITIONS To-day (Saturday) at 11 A. M. and 3 P. M.



At the Fifth Avenue Art Galleries "SILO BUILDING." 546 Fifth Ave. (45th St.)

MR. JAMES P. SILO, Auctioneer. Concluding Sessions of The Great Sale

The Liquidation of Several Estates roperty consisting of costly Purnishings, all the family Plate and Jewels, rare old Engravings tenings, Acollan Weber Pianola, in antique oak, cost \$1,300, almost new; also Mahogany Knabe Grand Piano and Mason & Hamiin upright Piano.